

Detailed information for these trees and shrubs can be found at www.regionalconservation.org. Click on “Natives for Your Neighborhood.”

VINES

VIRGINIA CREEPER

Parthenocissus quinquefolia

Vine with five leaflets; Will climb fence or trees; Fruits in fall; Attracts mockingbirds, catbirds, cardinals, & warblers

SHRUBS / SMALL TREES

BIRD PEPPER

Capsicum annum var. glabrisculum

To 18 inches; Small red berries; Plant in mass in the understory; Good food source for ground feeding birds

WILD SAGE

Lantana involucrate

4 to 5 feet; Clusters of small white or yellow flowers; Fruit a small, dark berry; Attracts fruit eating-birds

AMERICAN BEAUTYBERRY

Callicarpa americana

5 to 6 feet; Small pale purple flowers in clusters in the Spring and Summer; Fruit is round bright purple clustered along the stems lasting until late Winter; Leaves oval, pointed, opposite, sometimes rough, light green leaves 6 inches in length; Attracts fruit-eating birds; Mockingbirds will set up a territory around a good plant; cut back to 12 inches in Winter

FIREBUSH

Hamelia patens

Usually to 7 -8 feet; Flowers year round; Fruit is rounded dark purple; Hummingbirds, butterflies and other insects and will come to the flowers; In a sunny location, it can be pruned to form a thick bush for screening

LITTLE (DWARF) STRONGBARK

Bourreria cassinifolia

This is a great shrub! About 7 feet tall and 5 feet wide; Can be pruned; White flowers; Orange fruit; Hummingbirds, butterflies and other insects come to the flowers; Fruits in Fall and Winter; Will attract fruit-eating birds. The insects will attract warblers and other insect-eating birds

NECKLACE POD

Sophora tomentosa var. truncata

5 to 10 feet; One inch, yellow, pea-like flowers on branch tips; Blooms most of year; Attracts hummingbirds and butterflies; Also flowers draw insects for warblers and other insect eating birds

SHINYLEAF WILD COFFEE

Psychotria nervosa

Can be trimmed to 5 to 7 feet; Good screening plant; Butterflies and other insects come to the white flowers; Small red berries in Fall and Winter; Mockingbirds and Catbirds are frequent visitors; The smaller size makes it a good choice for a small yard

FLORIDA PRIVET

Forestiera segregata

10 to 15 feet; Twiggy growth is perfect for nesting and cover; The oval, small, black fruit is prized by fruit eating birds; Tiny yellowish-green flowers draw insects for warblers and other insect eating birds

GREENHEART (COFFEE COLUMBRINA)

Columbrina arborrescens

20 feet; Can be pruned to shrub; Small, fragrant, yellowish flowers clustered along the leaf axils, blooms most of year. Flowers draw insects for warblers and other insect eating birds

SOLDIERWOOD

Columbrina elliptica

Endangered; 20 feet; Can be pruned to shrub; Small, fragrant, greenish-yellow flowers clustered along the leaf axils, blooms most of year. Flowers draw insects for warblers and other insect eating birds; A warbler magnet.

WAX MYRTLE

Myrina cerifera

20 feet; Can be pruned to lower bushier form; A good screening plant; Flowers are small greenish-white; Small blue-green berries on spikes. Attracts fruit eating birds

SPICEWOOD

Calyprathes pallens

20 feet; Pale green to white flowers in late Spring which attract insects and warblers; Round ¼ inch berries turning from green to orange to black; Attracts fruit-eating birds

WHITE IRONWOOD

Hypelate trifoliata

Endangered; 20 to 30 feet; Flowers are small greenish, five-petaled; Small, rounded fruit with black flesh. Attracts fruit eating birds; Can be pruned to a desirable shade tree for a small property.

MEDIUM TREES

BAHAMA STRONGBARK

Bourreria succulenta

Endangered; 20 feet; Terminal clusters of white, funnel-shaped flowers bloom most of the year; Hummingbirds, orioles and butterflies come to the flowers; Shiny clusters of red-orange small fruit fruits in Fall and Winter attract fruit-eating birds.

FLORIDA TREMA

Trema micranthum

20 – 25 feet; A good larger screening plant; Flowers in clusters on leaf axils; Round orange ½ inch berries clustered on the leaf axils; Leaves oval, alternate, dull green; ¼ inch leaves with fine-toothed margins

GEIGER TREE

Cordia sebestena

20 feet; Taller than wide; Hummingbirds, orioles and butterflies come to the showy tubular, orange flowers; Fruit white, oval to pear-shaped in clusters

LANCEWOOD*Ocotea coriacea*

30- 35 feet; ½ inch white flowers; Blue-black ½ inch berries with orange cuplike bases; Attracts fruit-eating birds; Moderate size makes this a good shade tree choice for smaller yards

FLORIDA FIDDLEWOOD*Citharexylum spinosum*

15 to 20 feet; Fragrant, white, tubular five-petal flowers; Round 3/8 inch, reddish-brown fruits; Note: trees are male or female. One is not much good. When in bloom the sexes can be distinguished by a close observer.

DAHOON HOLLY*Ilex cassine*

30 feet; Taller than wide; Can be pruned to lower height; NOTE: male and female trees; Red berries in Fall and Winter; Mockingbirds, blue jays and orioles and other fruit-eating birds contend for rights.

SATINLEAF*Chrysophyllum oliviforme*

30 feet; Leaves shiny olive on top and silvery gold underneath; Flowers are small, yellow; Fruits in the Fall and Winter; Attracts fruit-eating birds; Cedar Waxwings sometimes descend in mass.

The following is a list of additional native trees, shrubs, vines and herbs that attract birds.

TORCHWOOD (*Amyris elemifera*)**MARLBERRY** (*Ardisia escallonioides*)**ROUGH STRONGBACK** (*Bourreria radula*)**GUMBO-LIMBO** (*Bursera simaruba*)**LOCUSTBERRY** (*Byrsonima lucida*)**SPICEWOOD** (*Calyptanthus pallens*)**MYRTLE-OF-THE-RIVER** (*Calyptanthus zuzygium*)**CINNAMON BARK** (*Canella winterana*)**JAMAICA CAPER** (*Capparis cynophallophora*)**SNOWBERRY** (*Chiococca alba*)**PIGEONPLUM** (*Coccoloba diversifolia*)**SILVER PALM** (*Coccothrinax argentata*)**SOLDIERWOOD** (*Colubrina elliptica*)**BUTTERFLY SAGE** (*Cordia globosa*)**MAIDENBERRY** (*Crossopetalum rhacoma*)**BLACKTORCH** (*Erithalis fruticosa*)**CORAL BEAN** (*Erythrina herbacea*)**WHITE STOPPER** (*Eugenia axillaris*)**REDBERRY STOPPER** (*Eugenia confusa*)**SPANISH STOPPER** (*Eugenia foetida*)**RED STOPPER** (*Eugenia rhombea*)**INKWOOD** (*Exothea paniculata*)**SHORTLEAF FIG** (*Ficus citrifolia*)**STRANGLER FIG** (*Ficus aurea*)**SEVEN-YEAR-APPLE** (*Genipa clusiifolia*)**BLOLLY** (*Guapira discolor*)**LIGNUM VITAE** (*Guajacum sanctum*)**KRUG'S HOLLY** (*Ilex krugiana*)**KEY THATCH PALM** (*Leucothrinax morrisii*)**CHRISTMAS BERRY** (*Lycium carolinianum*)**WILD TAMARIND** (*Lysiloma latisiliquum*)**LONG-STALKED STOPPER** (*Mosiera longipes*)**TWINBERRY STOPPER** (*Myrcianthes fragrans*)**REDBAY** (*Persea borbonia*)**BITTERBUSH** (*Picramnia pentandra*)**JAMAICA DOGWOOD** (*Piscidia piscipula*)**WEST INDIAN CHERRY** (*Prunus myrtifolia*)**BAHAMA WILD COFFEE** (*Psychotria ligustrifolia*)**SHORTLEAF WILD COFFEE** (*Psychotria sulzneri*)**LIVE OAK** (*Quercus virginiana*)**INDIGOBERRY** (*Randia aculeata*)**ROYAL PALM** (*Roystonea regia*)**TROPICAL SAGE** (*Salvia coccinea*)**MYRSINE** (*Rapanea punctata*)**CABBAGE PALM** (*Sabal palmetto*)**SOUTHERN ELDERBERRY** (*Sambucus canadensis*)**FALSE MASTIC** (*Sideroxylon foetidissimum*)**WILLOW BUSTIC** (*Sideroxylon salicifolia*)**WEST INDIAN LILAC** (*Tetrazygia bicolor*)**JAMAICA THATCH PALM** (*Thrinax radiata*)**CHIGGERY GRAPES** (*Tournefortia hirsutissima*)**PEARLBERRY** (*Vallesia antillana*)**BISCAYNE PRICKLY-ASH** (*Zanthoxylum coriaceum*)**WILD LIME** (*Zanthoxylum fagara*)

Unless noted, all these vines, shrubs, and trees grow in full sun to light shade.

Cover photos: Painted Bunting by Roger L. Hammer; Rose-breasted Grosbeak on Mulberry by Kevan and Linda Sunderland; Red-eyed Vireo on Wild Lime by John C. Ogden. List compiled by Lewis Milledge and Roger L. Hammer. Layout R. A. Gálvez.

BIRD FRIENDLY NATIVE PLANTS FOR YOUR YARD



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