

Topic	Primary Objective	Settings/Care
Patient Safety		
1. Safe Transitions	Improve care transitions by convening providers in cross-setting community coalitions that target the root causes of poor transitions, with a particular focus on adverse drug events, behavioral health and vulnerable patients (e.g., dually-eligible Medicare/Medicaid or with cognitive impairments, multiple co-morbidities, or high-risk medications).	Acute-care hospitals, community providers, health centers, home health agencies, nursing homes, pharmacy, physician offices, psychiatric hospitals
2. Healthcare-Associated Infections	Reduce healthcare-associated infections (HAIs) by convening a learning collaborative with 100% of acute-care hospitals, assisting facilities with targeted QI, and fostering collaborative across the care continuum in the community coalitions.	Hospitals
3. Healthcare-Acquired Conditions	Reduce healthcare-acquired conditions (HACs) by convening a learning collaborative with 75% of nursing homes, to ensure that every resident receives high-quality care to optimize outcomes related to antipsychotic drug use, falls, and mobility.	Nursing homes
Chronic Disease Prevention		
4. Cardiac Health	Improve cardiac health and reduce healthcare disparities by partnering with providers and home health agencies to support the Million Hearts Campaign, promote health literacy, engage patients and families, increase electronic reporting of select measures, and (in physician offices) implement practice transformation.	Home health agencies, physician offices
5. Diabetes Care	Reduce disparities in diabetes care, by increasing the number of diabetes training sites and educators and by partnering with providers to promote health literacy, engage patients and families in diabetic self-management, and improve targeted clinical outcome measures.	Diabetes training sites, physician offices
6. Use of HIT	Help physician offices to adopt and optimize HIT, so that they can improve preventative care by engaging patients and families. This includes participating in electronic QI initiatives, using clinical decision supports, and reporting specific measures.	Hospitals, physician offices
Other Quality Improvement		
7. Value-Based Payment, Value-Based Purchasing and Quality Reporting	Promote high-quality and more efficient health care for patients by assisting 100% of providers with value-based payment modifier, value-based purchasing, quality reporting (hospitals) and electronic reporting (physicians).	Ambulatory surgical centers, hospitals, in-patient psychiatric facilities, and physician offices